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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIV.---NO. 80. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1899. WHOLE NO. 9,938

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail,	$5.00
Six Months, "	2.50
Three Months, "	1.25
Two Months, "	1.00

Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

United States cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, arrived at Colombo, Ceylon; he was presented with a silver casket and an address as a memento of the occasion. —— M. Waldeck-Rousseau completed the formation of a cabinet for President Loubet of France. —— Degree of LL. D. conferred by Georgetown University on Rear Admirals Schley and Melville, General Joe Wheeler and W. Bourke Cochran. —— Senator Bate, of Tennessee, says the heart of the Democratic party is with Mr. Bryan and the Chicago platform. —— A sneak thief stole $10,000 from the counter of the Metropolitan Bank, Boston, Mass.: he was captured in New York last night and the money recovered. —— Mrs. Jane Graves, of Alexanderville, Ga., is in jail at Valdosta, charged with the murder of her husband. —— A brother of Sam Hose, the negro lynched in Georgia, was arrested and lodged in jail at Oglethorpe for threatening to kill people. —— Thus far four United States soldiers have died of yellow fever at Santiago, and there are eighteen cases on the ships. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 2@2½ per cent., the last loan being at 2 per cent.; cotton quiet and steady, middling uplands 6⅞c; flour fairly active and steady; corn—spot steady, No. 2 41⅞c; rosin quiet, strained common to good $1.30@1.32½; spirits turpentine steady at 39½@40c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 22.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 73 degrees; 8 P. M., 76 degrees; maximum, 85 degrees; minimum, 68 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 3.69.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3.2 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Very heavy showers occurred Wednesday in the Carolinas and northwest Georgia; elsewhere clear weather has prevailed. The temperature has been generally slightly higher. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Charleston, S. C., 1.40; Wilmington, N. C., 1.37.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—For North Carolina: Fair and continued high temperature Friday; threatening Saturday, with showers in western portions; light east to northeast winds.

Port Almanac---June 23.

Sun Rises	4.46 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.18 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 32 M.
High Water at Southport	7.16 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	10.46 A. M.

The Filipinos believe in the saying: "He who fights and runs away will live to fight another day."

The physical director of Yale University says Jeffries is "mentally weakened" by overtraining. It probably didn't require much training.

Chicago will keep on growing and multiplying while the ability of her census takers holds out. The last report gives her a population of 2,088,043.

Kentucky has a new varmint, a toad "with green feathers half an inch long, and a nose like a hog." The person who imagines that Kentucky intends to be left on freaks is mistaken.

That venerable terrapin which carries his chronology on his shell has found his way up to Kentucky. The dates agree with those found on the shell of that Guilford county terrapin about a year ago.

A correspondent the Asheville *Citizen* tells of a man up in his section, who is not over 30 years of age who has killed over 200 rattlesnakes and hasn't made a specialty of the snake business either.

A crow which had been the mascot of one of the New Jersey regiments in the Cuban war was foolish enough to eat some canned beef brought back from Honolulu. It is now deader than the meat it ate.

Robert P. Porter, who has just returned from a tour of Europe, says the "embalmed beef" agitation has hurt the American meat business in Germany from $20,000,000 to $25,000,000 a year. Suppose it has. Is that a reason why the truth should not have been told? But it wasn't the telling of the truth so much as the effort to suppress it, that hurt the beef business.

The valuation which women put upon themselves varies materially and ranges wide apart. A Charleston woman sues a railroad company for $15,000 damages for an injury to a little finger, caused by the sudden stoppage of the car in which she was riding; while an Indiana woman sues for the modest sum of $2,000 for heart injury, caused by a fellow who promised to marry her and flew the track.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Justice G. W. Bornemann yesterday performed the matrimonial ceremony, uniting in marriage Miss Elizabeth Goode and Mr. Frank Leslie.

— The sheds being built over the platforms of the Champion Compress and Warehouse Company at the foot of Red Cross street are now nearing completion.

— The schooner *J. Dallas Marvil*, from Philadelphia to Georgetown, S. C., which put in for harbor at Southport Wednesday, sailed at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

— The STAR acknowledges with thanks the receipt of an invitation to attend the opening german at Blue Ridge Inn, Mt. Airy, N. C., Friday evening, July 7th.

— Mr. John Bridgers, of Elrod, Robeson county, sends the STAR a cotton bloom plucked from a twenty-five acre field June 21st. He says that crops in that vicinity of Robeson are very fine.

— There was nothing doing in spirits turpentine on the local market at the opening yesterday morning. There were, however, sales late in the afternoon at 36½@36¾, with the tone of the market quiet.

— The Southport *Standard* announces that Miss Cammie Lord opened her dancing school there for the Summer on Monday night. The evening dances are on Monday and Friday nights. The pavilion is used.

— Thomas Williams and Joe Dudley, both colored, were tried before Justice Bornemann yesterday for an affray. Each was bound over to Criminal Court, their personal recognizance being taken to the amount of $50.

— The STAR is glad to announce that the admirable entertainment given by the Baptist Boy's Brigade will be repeated next Wednesday night by request. The event was an artistic success and will doubtless attract a large crowd.

— Two of the dogs brought in by the city cart, which were not tagged according to the license regulation, were killed yesterday. The number of tags issued thus far is considerably over five hundred and there are daily applications for more.

— Newbern *Journal*, June 21st: Rufe Smith, colored, who says he is to fight Joe Ward, colored, of Charlotte, next week at Wilmington, will leave here next Saturday for Wilmington, where he will complete his training for the fight. Smith has the reputation of "putting out" Murphy at Kinston over a year ago.

— Winston-Salem *Sentinel*, June 20: William Creasy, of Wilmington, who accompanied his father, Rev. Dr. Creasy, to Baltimore, spent Sunday and Monday here with his mother and sisters, leaving for Wilmington today. He had not heard from his father since he left Baltimore. It is understood, however, that there is no noticeable improvement in his condition.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seacoast Road—Schedule.
Steamer Wilmington—Schedule.
Masonic—Meeting St. John's Lodge.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Catholic Badge—For sale.
Entertainment—To be repeated.
J. R. Jones—For sale or exchange.

In Honor of Col. Woodward.

Members of Jefferson Lodge Knights of Pythias of this city and indeed of all the other K. of P. lodges of Wilmington are much elated over the fact that one of their members, Col. W. J. Woodward was elected to the highest office in the gift of the Grand Lodge now in session at Fayetteville, he having been chosen Grand Chancellor. A movement is on foot for a big reception to be tendered Col. Woodward next Wednesday night by Jefferson Lodge. Members of the other lodges will be invited to attend.

Mayor's Court.

The only cases of importance before the Mayor's Court yesterday were those for disorderly conduct against the keepers of two of the houses of ill repute, located on Sixth, between Howard and Campbell streets, and on Fourth, between Church and Castle streets. One of the offenders was let off with the costs in her case, and judgment was suspended in the case of the other on condition that her house be closed on or before June 26th. Lee Smith was taxed with the cost in a case against himself for disorderly conduct.

Low Water in Cape Fear.

The steamer *Driver* arrived late in the afternoon yesterday from Fayetteville. Capt. Bradshaw, who has succeeded Capt. Irving Robinson as master of the steamer, reports that the water is very low in the Cape Fear and this accounts for his delay of about eight hours. The *Driver* will make a special trip at noon to-day to Willis' Creek and will resume her regular schedule to Fayetteville Monday.

The Press Association.

The STAR announces with pleasure that the Hanover Seaside Club, on Carolina Beach, tenders the use of their admirably equipped club house and grounds to the members of the North Carolina Press Association from July 12th to the 15th, the occasion of the annual convention of the Association.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Edmund McLaurin and John Murphy Drowned in Lake Waccamaw.

ESCAPE OF EMMETT CROW.

Rescued by De Witt Schonwald—They Were in Bathing and Went Beyond Their Depth—Arrival of the Remains—Funerals To-day.

What should have been a day of joyousness and unalloyed pleasure for the members and friends of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Sunday School was turned to one of deepest sorrow on yesterday by the sad drowning of two bright and beloved members of the school's picnic excursion to Lake Waccamaw. They were Master Edward Lilly McLaurin, son of Mr. L. W. McLaurin and Master John Archibald Murphy, the son of Mrs. Sarah M. Murphy.

The unfortunate accident occurred about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and the news was received here by telegraph not later than 2.30 o'clock, so that Mr. L. W. McLaurin left on the 3.45 o'clock train for the Lake in response to the telegraphic announcement of the drowning of his son.

How the Accident Occurred.

The news of the accident spread over the city rapidly and every one was anxious to know just how it occurred, but only the meagre announcement by telegraph could be obtained.

The excursion was due to arrive in Wilmington on the return trip at 6 o'clock and many people gathered at the A. C. L. depot and sadly waited to hear the details of the drowning and look upon the remains, which were to be brought home on the train.

A member of the STAR staff gathered from prominent members of the excursion that Masters Edmond McLaurin and John Murphy in company with two other boys, Masters Emmitt Crow and DeWitt Schonwald, strolled away from the section of the lake shore where the excursionists were picnicing to a point near Mr. J. B. Short's boat-house and went in bathing. They were fully 500 yards from the pavilion completely out of sight and hearing of any of their friends.

The boys waded out into the lake and were enjoying a merry bath, when they got into a hole much beyond their depth. All are generally good swimmers, but in some way McLaurin, Murphy and Crow all lost self control. Young Dawitt Schonwald noticed their peril and went fearlessly to their assistance. After great difficulty he succeeded in rescuing Emmitt Crow and dragged him to the shore in an unconscious condition.

In the meantime the bodies of the McLaurin and Murphy boys had disappeared, besides young Schonwald was completely exhausted. He hastily drew on some clothing and rushed with all possible speed to tell others of the excursion party.

Hunting For the Bodies.

He met Mr. W. H. Sprunt and several others to whom he first broke the sad news. They ran at once to the scene of the tragedy and began search for the bodies. Among those who swam in and participated in the search were S. A. King, T. E. Hall, Percy Parksdale, W. Strouss, J. P. Gilbert, Dr. Hawes, of Laurinburg and others. Both bodies were found on the bottom of the lake, only a few feet apart and in abou, eight feet of water. Dr. Hawes and J. P. Gilbert found the body of McLaurin and Mr. Strauss that of the Murphy boy. They were tenderly carried to the shore and thence to the residence of Miss Fannie Beers, where everything possible was done to resuscitate them but to no avail.

For a Physician

There was no physician anywhere about Lake Waccamaw and Engineer Thomas Lawther boarded his locomotive and ran with all possible speed to whiteville to bring a doctor. He made the run to Whiteville, 11 miles, in nine minutes and carried back with him Dr. N. A. Thompson. However Dr. Thompson arrived too late to accomplish the resuscitation of the bodies. And the preparations for the sad journey back to the city with the remains were begun. They were tenderly placed upon cots in the baggage car of the excursion train. The train left Lake Waccamaw for Wilmington at 5 o'clock arriving here at 6 o'clock. In the meantime Mr. James F. Woolvin, the undertaker, was notified to meet the train, which he did. The remains of Edmund McLaurin were carried to the McLaurin residence, on Chesnut street between Fourth and Fifth streets, and the remains of John Murphy to the residence of his mother, No. 315 Walnut street.

The Bereaved Families.

Both the bereaved families have the sincerest sympathy in their terrible loss. Young Edmond Lilly McLaurin, who was in the 16th year of his age, leaves a father, two brothers, Neill and George, and two sisters, Misses Lilly Belle and Julia. Miss Lilly Belle is visiting friends at Armour and has been summoned home by telegraph.

John Archibald Murphy was 15 years old and leaves a widowed mother and five brothers and five sisters. Of the brothers, Mr. Geo. Murphy clerks at Mr. J. D. Nutt's drug store and Mr. Moseley Murphy at Mr. Geo. O. Gaylord's racket store. The others are Henry and Masters Garland and Willie. The sisters of the deceased are Mrs. Ernest Hobbs, of Clinton, Miss Eva Murphy, operator in the Bell Telephone Exchange, and Misses Sallie, Mary, Jane and Katie.

Did All They Could.

In conversation with Rev. A. D. McClure and Mr. W. H. Sprunt, a member of the STAR staff was told last night that especially valuable assistance in the sad emergency was rendered at the lake by Miss Fannie Beers and Miss Lizzie Carroll. They also referred appreciatively to aid rendered and courtesies extended during the day by Capt. H. O. McArthur and Engineer Thomas Lowther.

Those in charge of the excursion regret beyond the power of words to express the sad accident. And the STAR is glad to note that not the least bit of blame is charged to the excursion management by any one.

The Funeral Announcement.

As will be seen from announcements in another column the funeral of Edumnd McLaurin will be conducted from Grace M. E. Church at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon, interment in Oakdale Cemetery. And the funeral of John Murphy from the residence at 11 o'clock this morning, the interment in Bellevue.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. W. P. Thompson, of Fair Bluff, was here yesterday.

— Mr. J. B. Mercer has returned from a business trip to Greensboro, N. C.

— Capt. Jeff D. Sessoms, of Stedman, was among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. E. Thigpen, of Chadbourn, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. R. D. Smith, of Jessups, Bladen county, is in the city, making business calls.

— Mr. J. E. Whittaker, of Chadbourn, was in the city yesterday making business calls.

— Mr. T. N. Ivey, of the *Christian Advocate*, Raleigh, is in the city in the interest of that paper.

— Misses Allie and Pattie Walker, of Ashboro, are visiting Mrs. C. W. Worth, on Greenville Sound.

— Mrs. W. N. Cronly and children are spending some time the guests of friends at Lake Waccamaw.

— Mr. A. R. Hilburn, a successful merchant of Viola, came down on the *Driver* yesterday afternoon on business.

— Mrs. Z. W. Whitehead left yesterday morning for Ashton, where she is spending the week, the guest of relatives.

— Col. Jno. L. Cantwell, the efficient secretary of the Produce Exchange, was at his desk yesterday after two days illness.

— Mr. W. L. Hill, of Warsaw, president of the Eastern Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association, spent yesterday in Wilmington.

— Miss Fannie Westbrook, a charming young lady from Rocky Point, who has been the guest of Misses Mary and Henri Shepard the past several days left for her home yesterday evening.

— Mrs. W. F. Deal and Miss Elizabeth Mayes, of Emporia, who have been the guests of Miss Burtt the past several days, are spending some time at Sloop Point, the guests of the Misses McMillan. Their many friends here will be glad to know that they will revisit Wilmington before returning to their homes.

THE WATER WORKS OFFICE ROBBERY.

Young Negroes Arrested Wednesday Bound Over to the Criminal Court.

Sing Mackey, Jno. Mackey and Charles Hankins, the pickaninnies arrested by Constable Sheehan, charged with breaking into the office and stealing brass water works fixtures of the Clarendon Water Works Co., were tried in Justice Fowler's Court yesterday.

Nearly one hundred pounds of hose fittings, check valves, etc., were in court as evidence and were identified as the property of the water works company by Mr. James Mote, an employe of the company. The defendants disclaimed any knowledge whatever of the theft, but evidence sufficient was produced against the Mackey boys to admit of their probable guilt, and they were committed to jail in default of fifty dollars bond each for their appearance at Criminal Court. The Hankins boy was released though the evidence left a faint suspicion that he too had a hand in the affair.

There are still others thought to be implicated in the robbery, in fact the evidence indicates that the principal in the crime has not yet been apprehended, and other arrests are expected to follow.

THE TAX QUESTION.

EDITOR MORNING STAR—The burden of taxation upon this city which will be increased very largely by the oppressive and excessive valuation recently made by the assessors is one in which we are all deeply interested. A few may have the cash in hand by which they can "walk up to the captain's office" and settle and probably not feel it, but a very large number will be unable to pay and must submit to their homes being sold for taxes while business will also be effected by it. Our people can't stand it, and something should be done and done quickly. It will do no good for a few to kick and the rest pay. What we need is concert of action. A public meeting should be held. Who will take the first step toward calling it.

K. I. C. KER.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency is prepared to give prompt and efficient service to all persons wishing to sell farms or town property. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

TO MEET IN DURHAM.

Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias Closed Its Session in Fayetteville—D. O. K. K. Banquet Wednesday Night.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., June 22.

The 29th annual session of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of North Carolina, finished work and adjourned at 11 o'clock this morning to meet at Durham on the fourth Tuesday evening in April, 1900.

This session has been one of great enjoyment to all who had the privilege to attend the sessions of the Grand body, and the social pleasures incident to the occasion have elicited from the representatives from all parts of the State the highest praise of the proverbially hospitable people of this city, and our people have certainly enjoyed the presence of so many noble and clever gentlemen. In points of good looks and gentlemanly deportment, the gentlemen who composed the Grand Lodge of 1899 cannot be surpassed.

The D. O. K. K. Parade.

The D. O. K. K. have had "a time," and were we to judge the order of Knights of Pythias by the exhibition made by the D. O. K. K. in their parade on Tuesday evening, we would be forced to the conclusion that there is a ridiculous side of Pythianism. The scenes presented, however, was a burlesque, and in the practice of the grand and noble principles which govern the order—dignity, harmony, concord, friendship, charity and benevolence—give a more serious and pathetic significance to the organization.

A Grand Banquet.

The D. O. K. K. met in secret session at the Castle Hall, of Cumberland Lodge, K. of P., last night, and conferred the degree upon several candidates. After which the entire body with a few invited guests, repaired to the Hotel LaFayette and partook of a sumptuous banquet, prepared and served by "mine host," Mr. McI. Mathews, Manager, under the auspices of the D. O. K. K. The

Address of Welcome

was delivered by Mr. J. K. Myrover, and it is unnecessary to say that the audience was entranced with his eloquence, for he is indeed one of the most gifted orators the State has ever produced. The elegant dining hall of the hotel was decorated superbly, and the tables presented the appearance of a veritable fruit and flower garden. Not until the hour of 2 A. M. did the assembly leave the dining rooms, and the break of day found many participants still revelling in the ecstacies of the occasion.

The Grand Lodge will never regret its session in Fayetteville.

Nearly all of the Knights left the city to-day. H. EYE.

NEW OFFICERS ELECTED.

The United Society of St. George and St. Andrew.

At a meeting of the United Societies of St. George and St. Andrew held at the residence of Mr. James Sprunt, the retiring president, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Mr. Jno. F. Divine.
Vice president—Mr. Walter MacRae.
Treasurer—Mr. W. A. Riach.
Secretary—Mr. Bertram Quelch.
Chaplain—Rev. James Carmichael, D. D.

This society was organized more than thirty years ago for the purpose of uniting more closely the English and Scotch residents, also sons of English and Scotch, for the purpose of social intercourse and general welfare, and the further object of relieving worthy fellow-countrymen in distress who might otherwise be a charge on the community. The organization has accomplished much good in a quiet way and numbers at present about thirty members.

PLUMMER-KOPF WEDDING.

Happily Celebrated at Patterson, N. J., Yesterday—At Home After Aug. 21.

According to announcement made in a recent issue of the STAR, Miss Mary Everitt Wilkerson Plummer, daughter of Capt. J. W. Plummer, of this city, was happily married to Mr. Henry Bernard Kopf, of Patterson, New Jersey, on Wednesday. The ceremony was prettily performed in the First Presbyterian Church of Patterson, by the pastor, Rev. Frank E. Miller. The church was beautifully decorated with lovely cut flowers and palms. The bride was attired in a lovely white satin costume, and carried lilies of the valley. The maid of honor, Miss Milly Gering, wore white organdie over pink silk, and carried white and pink carnations. Mr. J. E. Jackson was best man.

After the marriage an elegant reception was held at No. 278 Broadway. Only a few relatives and intimate friends were present. Mr. and Mrs. Kopf will be at home at No. 274 Park Avenue after August 21st.

Back From Asheville.

Mr. H. H. Munson has returned from Asheville, where he went to attend the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons and the Grand Commandery Knights Templar. He reports a very pleasant trip and one of the most successful sessions in the history of North Carolina Masonry. Mr. Munson tells of interesting as well as amusing incidents connected with the occasion. He speaks in especially complimentary terms of a toast response made in rhyme by Dr. W. E. Storm on the occasion of the Grand Shrine banquet last Friday night. He pronounces it an especially interesting and amusing effort.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 372 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Reduction in the Price of Gas to Consumers Made by the New Management.

ANOTHER IMPORTANT DEAL.

Ice Factory and Refrigerating Plant—Farina Flour Mills—School Bonds—Military Squabble—N. C. Railroad Directors—Smallpox.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 22.

It is the intention of the new management of the Raleigh Gas Company to spend $35,000 in making improvements and reduce the price of gas one-half. The plant here now is a very fine one, but only gas from coal can be made. A water plant will be put in and water gas will be made. This can be supplied to consumers at 75 cents. They are now paying $1.50.

Another important deal is the sale of the Buffin Roles furniture factory property to W. S. Forbes, & Co., of Richmond. The purchasers will put in a twenty-five-ton ice factory and refrigerating plant, at a cost of about $25,000.

The stockholders of the Farina flour mills have directed new machinery to be bought and the capacity of the mill greatly enlarged to meet the growing demand for its product. The directors at a recent meeting elected Mr. J. A. Jones, of the firm of Jones & Powell, as president and general manager of the mill.

School Bonds.

The new township school bonds ($50,000) will bear 5 per cent. interest. They have not yet been issued.

Durham comes with a military squabble. The old company—the one that went to Cuba—complains to the Adjutant General that in its absence a new company was formed that "took possession of the armory and its property therein, and now refuses to surrender the same." It is added that since their return they have been treated "as intruders and imposters."

A meeting of the finance committee of the North Carolina railroad directors was held to-day at Burlington. It was attended by State Treasurer Worth.

Elisha Webster, a white convict who escaped from Halifax State farm last Saturday, was captured at Forestville, this county, Tuesday evening and brought here to the penitentiary yesterday. He was still wearing his convict stripes, and said he had had nothing to eat, except blackberries, since his escape Saturday.

Smallpox in Gates County.

Over thirty families in Gates county are reported as infected with smallpox. The County Commissioners notify the State Board of Health that they will resort to compulsory vaccination. There are three suspected cases at Ahoskie, in Bertie county and one case at Randleman, in Randolph county.

The Mormons are again becoming very active in this State. As their missionaries go about over the country in the Apostolic way, "without scrip or purse," Summer is the most favorable season for their work. For the past three Summers they have been active, especially in the Eastern counties. Each year the number of missionaries in the State has grown larger and the converts to "the faith" more numerous. A Mormon elder says the reports of the work in North Carolina are very encouraging to the mother church in Utah. The latest arrivals of elders are reported from Moore and Bertie counties. They make a house-to-house canvass, distributing their literature.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—17 casks spirits turpentine, 64 barrels rosin, 18 barrels tar, 38 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—31 casks spirits turpentine, 12 barrels rosin, 7 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 14 barrels rosin.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—19 casks spirits turpentine, 55 barrels rosin, 41 barrels tar, 24 barrels crude turpentine.

C. Larkins Flat—3 casks spirits turpentine, 23 barrels rosin, 9 barrels tar.

Total—Spirits turpentine, 78 casks; rosin, 168 barrels; tar, 75 barrels; crude turpentine, 62 barrels.

Atlantic Yacht Club.

Indications are that the regular weekly club hop at the Atlantic Club House to-night will be very largely attended and especially pleasant. There will be the usual late train leaving the Beach at 11 o'clock so that there will be three hours for the "merry dance." The entertainment committee has been especially fortunate in securing music this season and having an engagement for the season with the Baltimore Italian Band. Most of the people from the city who attend the hop will go down on the 7:15 P. M. train.

Was a Bridesmaid.

Miss Louise Sloan returned yesterday from Wallace, where she went to attend the marriage of her friend, Miss Lucy Boney, to Mr. Eugene Caldwell, of Cordele, Ga. The marriage ceremony, which was one of the prettiest ever held in Wallace, was in the Presbyterian Church. Miss Sloan was one of the bridesmaids. The bride will be pleasantly remembered by many in this city as the recent guest of the Misses Sloan.

Carolina Club Hop.

The second hop given this season by the Carolina Yacht Club, on Wrightsville Beach, will be held at the club house to-night. A special committee has made all necessary arrangements for a thoroughly successful dance. It is highly probable that there will be a series of dances by the Carolina Club this Summer, and a special committee will be appointed very soon to have these events in charge.

The Ball Game To-morrow.

To-morrow afternoon, on the Hilton Park diamond, will occur what there is every assurance will be the closest and most interesting game of the season. It will be played between the Maxton "Red Shirts" and a Wilmington team, the latter composed of the best players of the O. A. N. and and A. C. L. teams. The Maxton team has established a splendid reputation as base ballists and will doubtless give the Wilmington boys a lively time if they bear off the laurels.

It is safe to say that the patrons of Saturday's game will be afforded one of the best opportunities of the season for witnessing a good live contest.

DIED.

MURPHY—On Thursday, June 22nd, 1899, JOHN ARCHIBALD MURPHY, son of Mrs. S. M. Murphy, in the 16th year of his age.

Funeral from the residence, 315 Walnut street, at 11 A. M. to-day. Interment in Bellevue Cemetery.

McLAURIN—June 22nd, EDMUND LILLY, second son of L. W. and the late Julia E. McLaurin, aged 15 years.

Funeral will be held from Grace M. E. Church at 5.30 P. M. to-day. Interment at Oakdale Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances invited.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The relatives and friends of Mrs. JOANNA MCCOLLUM are respectfully invited to attend her funeral this (Friday) morning at 9 o'clock, from her late residence on Princess street, between Sixth and Seventh streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M.

AN EMERGENT COMMUNICATION FOR work in the E. A.'s Degree will be held this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend,
WM. M. POISSON, Secretary.
je 23 1t

TRINITY COLLEGE.

Forty-fifth year opens Wednesday, September 6th. Women admitted to all departments. Send for Catalogue to
PRESIDENT KILGO, Durham, N. C.
je 22 1m

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved
ma 10 tf

Oceanic Hotel, Carolina Beach, Is now open for the season.

Music daily by the Italian Band. Dances every night.
Rates, $2 a day; $8 to $10 a week; $35 to $50 a month.
B. A. JENKINS, Manager.
e 9 tf

Mrs. W. E. Mayo

has opened the new Ocean View Hotel on Wrightsville Beach for the season. Grand Opening Ball Wednesday night, June 21st. Friends in Wilmington, Wrightsville and on the Beach invited.
je 17 tf

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street.

Admitted by all that my goods are the Finest, Best Selected and Cheapest ever shown here.

SPOT CASH BARGAINS.

Cane Seat Chairs, 50c.
Cane Seat Porch Rockers, 75c.
Chiffoniers, $4.80.
je 20 tf

MECHANICS' HOME ASSOCIATION

Subscription List for Stock in the

18th Series is now open

at he office of the Secretary and Treasurer, to whom make application. Series limited to 500 shares.
Payments will commence Saturday, July 1st, 1899.
Controlling large and ample capital, we are prepared for and solicit mbrigage loans, and give them prompt attention.
Apply to
NATHANIEL JACOBI, President.
W. M. CUMMING, Sec'ty and Treas.
je 10 1m

I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM THE WEST WITH A LOT OF FINE HORSES.

DO YOU WANT ONE?

If so, you will make a mistake if you buy before seeing me.

L. W. BATES,
WATER STREET.
je 17 tf

At The Unlucky Corner

Springfield Hams

Cheaper than anywhere in the State

Why do you buy that doubtful

BUTTER

When you can get my Fox River Clover Hill brand for

25c?

"Nuff Said."

S. W. SANDERS.

BARGAINS! "THERE ARE OTHERS."
my 19 tf

NEW CROP

Barbadoes Molasses,

Porto Rico Molasses,

OF BEST QUALITY. NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES OF ALL GRADES.

Lowest Prices

FOR BEST GOODS.

THE WORTH CO.
je 7 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fifteenth Series.

The Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association

Will on July 1st, start its Fifteenth Series.

Those desiring Stock in this New Series

Should apply early to any of the Officers or Directors.

Six series matured, the last paying 8½ per cent. interest.

As secure an investment as human agency can devise.

Money always ready for borrowers.

Investment may be withdrawn at any time.

Any person can own his home, for a small advance on rent, in about six years.

J. C. STEVENSON, President.
H. C. MCQUEEN, Vice President.
J. D. BELLAMY, Attorney.
WM. GOODMAN, C. W. POLVOGT,
J. HICKS BUNTING, J. G. BARRENTINE,
O. M. FILLYAW, N. M. MCEACHERN,
J. H. HARDIN, M. W. DIVINE,
C. C. BROWN, Sec'ty and Treas.
je 15 1d

"YOU CAN'T DO IT."

We have the agency for the best piece of meat for family use in

"J. P. Squire's Pig Bellies."

The price is about the same as tough, thick skin Hog Bellies, and you can get the BEST by demanding Squire's Bellies.

"Stock's Best Patent," and "Q" brands Flour

Give Universal Satisfaction, and your trade will increase if you use these Brands.

OUR GUARANTEE STANDS BEHIND EVERY POUND.

We continue leaders in Cigars.

CUBAN BLOSSOM, SANTA DANA, RENOWN, TOPICAL TWIST, } No better Sold.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
Commission Merchants.
je 11 tf

Defective Vision

is a great disadvantage to all, and in children is a serious menace to education, entailing injury unless promptly and properly corrected.

Last year about fifty thousand children attending the public schools of Brooklyn, were examined as to their power of hearing and vision, in order to properly seat them. Over one-third of the number was found to be deficient in one or both senses.

I will gladly diagnose any errors of refraction that may exist in your eyes, or those of your children, by a scientific test.

There is no charge for examination, and Glasses prescribed ONLY when NECESSARY. We furnish them as heretofore at moderate prices.

GEORGE HONNET, Jr.,
GRADUATE OPTICIAN.
Office at George Honnet's Jewelry Store, No. 12 North Front street.
je 16 1w

NOTICE.

BEGINNING FRIDAY, JUNE 16TH, AND until September 16th, we will discontinue the delivery of Ice Friday afternoons.

Our Ice Factories will be open

for the accommodation of any one who wishes to send for it.

WM. E. WORTH & CO.
CAROLINA ICE CO.
je 15 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899, the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.30 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.40 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

my 31 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
je 20 tf Wilmington, N. C

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3.5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.40, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays.

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT.

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.
J. W. HARPER, Manager.
je 6 tf

Vacation Term.

St. Paul's Academy and Parochial School begins Monday, July 3. Continues eight weeks. Business Courses and Special Studies, or the Study in which you need help. $4 and $8 for the term. Catalogue and further information on application.
E. O. COUNTS, Prin.,
215 North Seventh street.
je 19 2w*

EXPANSION.

We have had to build an addition to our Repair Shop, and we are prepared to repair your locks, guns, typewriters, lawn mowers, bicycles, and in fact any small piece of mechanism. We also fit keys at your residence or place of business. Give us a trial.
PLATT BROS.
25 South Front St.
Bell 'Phone 317.
je 13 1w

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs. Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1899.

TROUBLED IRON MEN.

Yesterday we published a London dispatch showing the alarm of British manufacturers generally at the inroads American manufacturers are making on their trade not only in other but in their home market. This is not a condition suddenly developed, but one that has been growing for some years but has made what proves to be an alarming growth within the past year. It has become such a serious matter with them, but especially with the iron manufacturers, who seem to suffer most and seem to be the most alarmed, that there has been much discussion to devise some way to lessen American competition. This was a subject of discussion at the last meeting of the British Iron Trade Association, to which the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* makes the following editorial reference:

"At the annual meeting of the British Iron Trade Association Sir John Jenkins, the President, made some striking admissions regarding American competition. That American furnaces could produce Bessemer and hematite iron at fully three dollars a ton less than it could be produced for in England he assumed to be beyond question. In the future the cost of production in England might be reduced, or that in the United States might advance, but for the present there was nothing but the cost of transporting American iron and steel 500 miles over land and 3,000 miles by sea to protect England from extensive importations of American metal. He did not refer to what chance England would have in competition with the United States in neutral markets if she could only depend upon the cost of transportation to save her home market. Lord Farrer, a radical free trader and an active opponent of the "fair trade" policy, contributed a paper seriously discussing the effects of protective duties on iron and steel and pointing out that, however they might benefit the iron and stell producers, they would injure all the consuming part of the British public, and they would injure the producers of those manufactures by the export of which England paid for the iron and steel the imported. Sir A. Hickman thought it a waste of time to discuss duties upon iron, but saw no reason why higher duties should not be put on French wines unless France would reduce her duties on British iron and steel. Sir E. Carbutt injected an element of cheerfulness into the sombre debate by saying that English manufacturers were fully employed, and if they got 5 per cent. more orders they could not fill them. Sir H. Vincent admitted that the Brirish iron trade was very flourishing just now, but this was due in great part to the demands of the Government for naval construction. The trade had occasion to consider what employment they could secure for their machinery when the orders of the Admiralty ceased. In further debate it was shown that the high freight charges on British railways and the superiority of American appliances had much to do with the ability of the United States to compete with Great Britian.

When British iron manufacturers find American competition in Great Britain a more absorbing topic than American competition in Russia, India, Africa, Australia or Japan, and when Lord Farrer deems it worth while to argue against tariff protection for the British iron and steel trade, the ironmasters of England must be in a very depressed mental condition.

A protective, or, more properly speaking, a prohibitory tariff, is here hinted at, but it would be very difficult to persuade the British Parliament to depart from its established policy and levy a tribute on English consumers for the benefit of English iron and steel makers. If there were an inclination that way the tariff would have to be so high to be effective that it would be intolerable. When the American steel maker can make steel for three dollars a ton less than the English steel maker can, he has a mighty advantage right there even if he had no other. But he has other advantages that stand him in hand quite as much as the cheaper steel. Even with no difference in the cost of material the American manufacturers could more than hold their own in competition with their English rivals. The American economizes labor by the employment of machinery that does the work of many hands, does it quicker, with more accuracy and with more uniformity. His work may not be as durable as that of the Englishman, who seems to try to build for time and eternity, but it answers the purpose so much better that purchasers, although recognizing the difference, prefer it and hence when American manufactures are introduced they stick. This accounts for the increasing demand for locomotives, mining machinery, agricultural machinery and implements, mechanics' tools, bicycles and numerous other articles now shipped abroad in greater volume than they ever were before.

There is one point in the above extract which is suggestive. One of the things the British iron and steel makers and the manufacturers of iron are depending upon to protect them from still more depressing American competition is freightage across the ocean. Most of the ships in which the transportation is done belong to British companies. It has been said that there has been much discrimination against American shippers in freight rates and also in the matter of insurance. Whether this be true or not, the fact that English iron makers and manufacturers are counting upon freightage across the seas to give them protection emphasizes the necessity of our exporters owning ships to do their carrying, thus saving discriminating rates and profits they have been paying British ship owners, profits which in the year amount to many millions of dollars, enough to build a respectable fleet of ships. This would to some extent deprive the English manufacturers of this kind of protection and would, therefore, add to the power of the American manufacturer to compete.

The nation of exporters who do their exporting in hired ships are somewhat in the condition of the farmer who would attempt to run a large farm with hired teams. In some respects it is worse when the nation hires ships from the nation with which it competes, whose interest it is to put all the impediments it can in the way of the rival hiring nation.

With cheaper raw materials to begin with, labor-saving machinery to operate with, and ships of their own to deliver with, there would be little to fear that the American manufacturer would not in a short while become permanent master of the industrial field.

THEY CANNOT STAND IT.

Notwithstanding the efforts to prevent the American people from learning the true situation of affairs in the Philppines they are beginning to understand it, not from telegraphed reports of newspaper correspondents and others, but from returned army officers, whose motives in their statements cannot be suspected, and whose veracity, or sources of information cannot be questioned. A short while ago Gen. Lawton was quoted as saying that he expected to see 100,000 men in the Philippines before American supremacy could be established; but Washington authorities were then assuring us that the "rebellion" was on its last legs, and that Gen. Otis had all the men he needed, notwithstanding the fact that he didn't have men enough to hold and garrison the towns he captured.

Gen. King, who a short while ago returned on sick leave, in an interview at San Francisco, substantially confirmed what Gen. Lawton had said as to the difficulty of winning peace, and later Commander Ford, just returned to Baltimore from Manila, added his testimony to the same effect, and now we have the testimony of Dr. McQuesten, who was on the staff of Gen. E. S. Otis, just arrived at San Francisco, who is thus reported in a dispatch published yesterday.

Dr. McQuesten made a close study of the conditions of the Philippine situation. He is of the opinion that it will take from 100,000 to 150,000 soldiers to properly subdue and hold the islands. He also says that the peace commission was an absolute failure and that its work from the start was without effect. He strongly supports the military government of the islands, except that he thinks more men will be necessary than has been estimated.

Dr. Schurman knows that the commission is a failure and is coming home in July, added Dr. McQuesten.

"Unless troops, thousands of them, are sent to the aid of our men there they will be driven back into Manila in the course of the next few months, during the rainy season. Our men simply cannot stand the climate. Fifty per cent. of them will be incapacitated by sickness and the territory over-run will have to be abandoned, and Manila will be in a state of siege again. Our officers and soldiers have accomplished much and have proved themselves the best soldiers in the world. But nothing decisive has come of it because our men were not in great enough force."

This is brief, but it states the situation and gives some idea of the difficulties that confront our army and the fearful ordeal to which the men in it are subjected. How they have stood it so long is one of the marvels.

Without questioning the wisdom of undertaking a campaign in a country like that where our men had to meet and overcome a most determined and wily enemy, and where those professing friendship professed it simply to get an opportunity to attack in the rear, when we had not men enough to hold the ground we won; or without questioning the wisdom of pressing that campaign with exhausted men under a blazing sun by day and drenching rains by night, what efforts have been made to send reinforcements to these worn and exhausted men? Practically none. A few thousand men have been ordered there to take the places of the returning volunteers whose time has expired and who would not re-enlist because they felt that they had been mistreated and abused. It is not like the American soldier, nor like the men who fought so loyally and heroically as those Philippine volunteers did, to turn from the field of battle unless there was good cause for it. The fact is there has been too much politics in the management of this war; troops have not been called for from fear that it would hurt the party and the army in Luzon has been sacrificed to what was thought to be political expediency. That's the story in brief.

IT ALL DEPENDS.

Taking the farmers of the country, North and South, as a whole, it is doubtless true that farming does not pay, if by paying is simply meant the making of money; but this would be equally true of other callings and perhaps a majority of them. Take the merchants, for instance. The one that succeeds and accumulates money is the exception. It is said that not more than ten per cent of the men engaged in merchantile pursuits succeed in the long run. How few mechanics, even those who get what are considered good wages, succeed in laying away much money. The economical and the thrifty may if they have steady employment, but the majority do not, for if they have families to support and house rent to pay it takes about all they can earn to support their families, if they live in anything like comfort. The professions are filled with men whose lives have been failures as far as accumulating money goes.

But whether farming in general pays or not, that it can be made to pay there is no question, for we have numerous instances in North Carolina where farmers have achieved great success, and not only become independent but wealthy, out of their farms. But they didn't farm in the ordinary way. They had system, and conducted their operation on business methods. They gave not only labor and muscle to it but thought, without which much of the labor and muscle is wasted.

Mr. L. Banks Holt, of Graham, Alamance county, is not only a successful cotton manufacturer, but also a successful farmer, and one who believes, and has demonstrated, that farming rightly conducted will pay. The Piedmont *Exchange* quotes him thus:

"I hear so many people claiming that the farmer has all the work to do, pays all the taxes, and still gets nothing for his labor and products, that I feel this statement can be challenged, and, in fact, farming properly managed can be made to yield as big returns, investments considered, as any business I know of. I have had the personal supervision over my farm this year, and made something over 9,000 bushels of wheat and oats, 130 tons of hay, and will make at least 1,500 bushels of corn, and as I said before, it beats my factory all hollow In addition to this, as you know, my poultry is a part of my farming operation, and I will raise this year more than 2,000 chickens, ducks and turkeys, all of which are fed from my own farm products."

The Holts were all cotton manufacturers, they were all farmers, and they followed both callings as a business and studied both. They have made a success of both. The late Governor Holt was one of the best farmers in North Carolina, and took quite as much or more interest in his farms than he did in his factories. The Holt farm at Linwood, in Davidson county, was long one of the model farms in the South. But many others have succeeded in farming, and others can do as they have done by showing the same attention to the business, using the same judgment and pursuing the same methods.

There is a livery stable keeper in Greensboro who makes annually more clear money from a fourteen acre farm that he cultivates near town than any planter in the South does from a hundred acre cotton farm, and he raises principally grass, on land that not many years ago it was said wouldn't grow grass.

APPOINTMENTS.

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

June 25, Sunday, fourth after Trinity, M. P., S. John's, Durham's Creek.

June 25, Sunday, fourth after Trinity, E. P., Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

June 26, Monday, Com., Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

June 28, Wednesday, M. P., S. John's, Wakelyville.

June 29, Thursday, E. P., Statesville.

June 30, Friday, Swan Quarter.

July 2, Sunday, fifth after Trinity, M. P., S. George's, Hyde county.

July 3, Monday, E. P., Fairfield.

July 6, Thursday, E. P., Belhaven.

July 9, Sunday, sixth after Trinity, M. P., S. Luke's, Washington county.

July 9, Sunday, sixth after Trinity, E. P., Advent, Roper.

July 12, Wednesday, M. P., S. Andrew's, Columbia.

July 14, Friday, consecration of church, Creswell.

July 16, Sunday, 7th after Trinity, M. P., S. Ionds, Souppernong.

— "Some men have the best luck!" "How so?" "There's McIntosh, for instance; ice cream gives his girl neuralgia."—*Chicago Record.*

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Forty years ago a transcontentinal railroad was considered an impossibility; now there are several of them.—It may be so with canals across the Isthmus; the next generation may see two or three instead of the one we are so uncertain about constructing now.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— Plainly, we are educating the Filipinos in the art of fighting, and they are proving themselves apt scholars, too, so that in the course of time we may even conclude that they deserve a certificate of fitness to look after their own affairs.—*Jacksonville Times-Union and Citizen, Dem.*

—— And now the alleged Cuban army is falling over itself, in the rush, guns in hand for the United States pay table. The rolls are loaded with fraud, and the fraud is distinctly the work of the patriotic generals! After all, Gomez, the old Dominican, is the only prominent Cuban officer who has shown anything like disinterestedness and honesty.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— Editor Kohlsaat, of the Chicago *Times-Herald*, co-partner of Mr. Hanna, in assuming certain financial obligations of Mr. McKinley created by business embarrassments, declares that the Republican campaign fund in 1897 way $1,900,000. This was the fund under the direction of Senator Hanna, and of course does not include State, district, county and city funds created for local of special purposes.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Work is to be pushed more rapidly than ever on the construction of the Carolina Northern Railroad. Five hundred men, in addition to those already employed, are wanted at once to work on the road.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: Judging from the large number of sets of tobacco flues sold by local manufacturers there must be at extensive acreage of the yellow weed planted in this section. —— There are more insects on the ground and on the trees than known for many years. The fruit crop is badly damaged by them. Farmers say that on bottom land the bugs are nearly ruining the corn crop.

Charlotte *Observer*: A $125,000 cotton mill was organiged at Sanford Wednesday, with W. H. Watkins as President, and T. L. Chisholm as secretary and treasurer. Information was received from Mr Percy Gray, representing the Lockville Electric Power Company, that his people would furnish the power to run the mill. This representation shows that all the electric power wanted can be furnished by the Lockville Company to run all the factories and mills that will be located in Sanford, as the distance is only ten miles.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Mr. Edward Spruill, a progressive farmer who lives on the Perkin's farm, about one mile east of Edenton, came near being killed Saturday night by a pistol, which was in the hands of his wife. The weapon was discharged twice, both balls taking effect, one on the cheek and the other just over the heart. It was one of Smith & Wesson's make of guns, No. 38. It was a new gun. Mr. Spruill had bought it while in town and took it home for a protection. He was showing his wife how to use it, when she pulled on the trigger too hard, causing it to shoot the ball striking her husband on the cheek. This frightened Mrs. Spruill so badly that she jerked the gun again, the second ball taking effect just over the heart. Dr. J. H. McMullen was sent for and dressed the wounds, but did not probe for the bullet that lodged over the heart, thinking the operation might prove fatal. Mr. Spruill is up this (Wednesday) morning and is doing as well as could be expected.

TWINKLINGS.

— "I don't believe that 'time is money.' Do you?" "No. I usually have time to spare."

— "Man proposes," he began, "and—" "Well," she interrupted, "and why don't you?" And he did.—*Chicago Post.*

— Just as Good: He—"What a pity we can't play golf on the ocean!" She—"What difference does that make? We can talk about it."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Higgle—"Which of the actors in the play impressed you most favorably?" Bloozin—"Winderly." Higgle—"Why?" Bloozin—"He gave me two tickets for the show."

— Johnny—"There's something in this paper about 'rheumatism and kindred diseases.' What are kindred diseases?" Tommy—"I don't know. I guess they're the kind that a feller's aunt has always got."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— First Boarder—"Did you hear the report of the engagement of our landlady's daughter?" Second Boarder—"I should say I did. I was sitting in the next room at the time, and it was a pretty loud report, let me tell you."—*Richmond Dispatch.*

— "I hardly know what to do with that young man," said the plumber, speaking of a recent employe." "Why?" "Well, he isn't prompt enough to be given the task of making out the bills, and he isn't procrasticating enough to be a success at doing the work."—*Chicago Post.*

— Vicar (who has introduced "Gregorian" tones into his services)—"Well, Mr. Rogers, how did you like our music? Tradition says, you know, that those psalm tunes are the original ones composed by King David." Flippant Parishoner—"Really? Then I no longer wonder why Saul threw his javelin at him."—*Punch.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Southport, (District Conference), June 21-25.
Bladen Circuit, French's Creek, June 30.
Carver's Creek, Hebron, July 1-2.
Brunswick, Shallotte, July 8-9.
Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 18.
Wilmington, Grace, July 23-24.
Elizabeth, Bladen Springs, July 29-30.
Scott's Hill, Acorn Branch, August 6-7.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 12-13.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 22.

R. F. BUMPAS,
Presiding Elder.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

ADVERTISING AN ART

SOME ODD SCHEMES FOR GAINING PUBLIC ATTENTION.

How Washington Irving's "History of New York" Was Introduced to the People—A Pencil Maker's Clever Idea—Painting the Old World.

Advertising is an old custom, dating as far back as the seventeenth century. The advertiser of today therefore has over two centuries of experience in this direction upon which he may draw. It is not at all strange, then, that modern advertising should be developed into not only an ordinary business, but in some cases into an artistic science, for it is a science to be able to attract the attention of the public in a pleasing way, and many unique and startling advertisements have been the result of the high intelligence and energy of the American merchant and advertiser. It would perhaps be interesting to note a few of the ways in which these men have from time to time tried to attract the public notice.

The reader may remember how Father Knickerbocker's "History of New York" (Washington Irving) was first introduced to the public. It is a good illustration of the genius and originality of the American advertiser.

One day there appeared in one of the daily papers in large type an advertisement which read something like this:

MISSING—Short, stout man, broad brimmed hat, light knee breeches, rather eccentric, calls himself Father Knickerbocker. Last seen at Astor House two days ago. Any information regarding him will be gratefully received. Address box 814, this paper.

This advertisement appeared every day for some time, and people began to wonder and ask among themselves who this Father Knickerbocker could be. Wild rumors were circulated of an immense fortune that was waiting for him, and an enterprising newspaper came out with the statement that he had been discovered, drowned in the East river. Letters of inquiry poured into box 314 of the paper which issued the advertisement, but not one of those received an answer.

In the midst of the excitement there appeared in still larger type in the same paper this advertisement:

DISCOVERED—A bag belonging to Father Knickerbocker, the missing man. The bag contained a letter and a manuscript; the letter explains that the manuscript is a "History of New York," which Father Knickerbocker wishes to have published as soon as he has departed to parts unknown. The manuscript is now in course of publication and will be issued in a short time.

The book was then advertised in the regular way. Of course when people began to see through the hoax they naturally felt rather cheap, especially the paper which had printed the East river drowning incident, but the object of the publisher had been attained. He had got the people talking. It is needless to say that the book had a ready sale.

It is usually a clever piece of advertising of the indirect kind like the above that brings the largest returns.

One very clever scheme of advertising was that accomplished by a celebrated pencil firm which has large cedar mills in Florida. This concern sent a shipload of superb oranges to New York from its plantation. Each orange was wrapped in tissue paper upon which was printed, "This orange was grown on a Florida plantation where the cedar is produced for the —— Co. pencils." Large numbers of these oranges were packed in small baskets, each holding half a dozen oranges, and then sent to all sorts of people. The president and his cabinet, the United States senators and members of the supreme court each received a basket. They were also sent to all the great men and women of every profession, including singers, actors, authors, ministers, lawyers, bankers and editors of large papers. The last named class probably did more for the company than any of the others by the highly complimentary press notices which appeared soon after in their respective papers.

America is far ahead of European countries in the matter of advertising. Newspaper circles in Paris not long ago were electrified by an advertisement of an American patent medicine company which appeared in one of their journals for which 17,500 francs ($3,500) had been paid. No such price had ever before been paid in France for an advertisement, and the concern was looked upon as a company of "merchant adventurers."

One of the most novel feats of advertising in recent years was that accomplished by two young men not long ago. They were sent out by a large concern in New York, which provided them with plenty of money and instructed them to paint signs wherever American travel was most frequent all over Europe. They returned in about two years and a half. In that time they used about six tons of paint and $40,000. A large portion of the latter had been spent for space privileges. These two young men had been in nearly every country in Europe and painted signs on the side walls of large buildings in London, Paris, Berlin, Rome, Constantinople, etc. They went through the Alps, painting their signs in letters 20 feet high on the sides of some of the great cliffs which tower over the roads and paths through those grand mountains. Just imagine an American traveler, far away from New York, in the heart of the Swiss mountains, who should suddenly see ahead of him, painted on the side of a mountain, one of those old familiar trademarks of America, "Use ——." It would certainly leave a deep impression upon his mind, which would last until he returned to America. So they went on, painting signs everywhere. They are accredited with having painted a large number on the Pyramids of Egypt. They even tried, it is said, to get the sultan to allow them to put their signs on the wall of his palace, but this he did not allow them to do, strange to say. However, they contented themselves with signs on some of the Mohammedan mosques in Constantinople. The young men said they had better success in Constantinople than anywhere else, for the Moslem is a lover of bright colors, and the big red, blue and yellow signs seemed to please him. One old fellow came out and begged them to put a sign on the front of his dwelling. He seemed to consider it quite a decoration.

Sometimes when we are in a poetical frame of mind we become perhaps somewhat irritated by the advertisements which one sees put up everywhere, perhaps spoiling the beauty of a landscape or making a city hideous with many staring posters. But when we remember that each of those signs represents some great industry, which in turn is one of the financial pillars of our great nation, and that same industry has been developed by the modern advertisement, then the great gaudy signs wear quite a different aspect to us.—William M. Strong in New York Mail and Express.

The Old Ones.

"We'll have to give up the idea of puttin pictures in the parlor, Jane," remarked old John Turnipseed as he threw the bridle under the table.

"Why?" asked his wife.

"Too dear! Why, I priced one in town today, and the dealer sez, sez he, 'That's an old master; its price is £500.'

"'Why,' sez I, 'it looks like a secondhand pictur.'

"'Yes, it is,' sez he.

"Then, thinks I, if a secondhand pictur costs that much, it's no use to price a new un. So, Jane, I reckon we'll have to hang up a few mottoes, 'God Bless Our Home' and the like, and let the pictur's go."—Pearson's Weekly.

A Question Answered.

This is the way in which the Centralia (Kan.) Journal editor answers a question propounded by a stock raiser:

"A rural subscriber asks, 'Do hogs pay?' We know that a good many don't. They take the paper several years and have the postmaster send it back marked 'Refused.' Such a breed is usually two legged and unprofitable."

Financial.

"Mother, how big must I grow to be in a bank, like uncle?" asked the small boy.

"Not very much," said his father, "for I often seen in the papers that cashiers are short."—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

The largest tree in the eastern hemisphere if not in the world is a monster chestnut standing at the foot of Mount Ætna. The circumference of the main trunk at 60 feet from the ground is 212 feet.

Houses In London and Berlin.

I live at Berlin in a house where there are eight families, each of course inhabiting a separate part. Only the inevitable piano practices break through the barriers, and that is certainly not less the case here where the walls are so thin than with us in our more massively built houses. The only real difference consists in this—that the "castles" of the Englishmen are built up close to one another, while ours are above one another, and that in consequence thereof we have our rooms all on one floor while theirs occupy several floors. One can safely assert that by far the larger number of the houses in London have frontages of only two or at most three windows in width. They live on the middle floor, take their meals on the ground floor and sleep on the upper floor. As a consequence there is a total absence of reception rooms. Should any one wish to invite the court to a ball, he has to get a large temporary room erected in the courtyard for dining purposes, another as a retiring room for the queen, while the refreshments are to be found served on the ground floor—that is, if one succeeds in getting down the narrow staircase. Everywhere there are crushing and difficulty of moving about. Again and again you may expect to find in London mansions the frontages of which are in bad taste, though of immense dimensions. The whole side of a square or of a street may be composed of one uniform set of buildings which are throughout in the same style and of the same color.—"Moltke's Letters to His Wife."

It is something besides bad air that makes a woman faint in a close theatre. A well woman wouldn't faint. The woman who easily grows faint and dizzy—who has palpitation of the heart—a "stuffy" feeling—hot flushes—nervous troubles, better look for the cause in her digestive system or in the distinctly feminine organism—maybe in both.

Women who are not quite well and don't know just what is the matter, and women who are really sick and don't know exactly what is the matter should write at once to Dr. R. V. Pierce, at Buffalo, N.Y., stating their symptoms in detail. They will be advised by Dr. Pierce without charge.

Dr. Pierce is, and for over thirty years has been, chief consulting physician in the world-renowned Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

He has treated and cured more suffering women than any other physician in the world, and more of his "Favorite Prescription," for the correction and cure of all disorders and diseases of the feminine organs, except cancer, has been sold than of all other similar medicines.

Write to Dr. Pierce. If his medicines are what you need he will tell you so, if they are not what you need he will honestly say so and will tell you what to do. Dr. Pierce's position is a sufficient guarantee that his advice will not be biased by the hope of selling you a few bottles of medicine.

If you wish to study up your own case Dr. Pierce will send you, *free of all cost*, a paper-bound copy of his great 1000-page book, the "Common Sense Medical Adviser," of which over 750,000 were sold at $1.50 a copy. All that Dr. Pierce asks is that you send 21 one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing *only*. If you prefer the book in fine French cloth send 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	13½	@	15
Northern	20	@	22
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	55
Virginia Meal	51	@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	92
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11¼
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10¼
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	10
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔		@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	8½	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	53
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	80
Black Eye Peas	1 00	@	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 lbs			
Clover Hay	70	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	23	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	26	@	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	73	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 100 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Sape	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	1 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed	10	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at 36¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 36¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market quiet at 90 cents per bbl for strained and 95c for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.10 for Dip and $2.20 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23½@23c; rosin firm at $1.00@1.05; tar steady at $1.30; crude turpentine quiet at $1.00, $1.60@1.70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	78
Rosin	168
Tar	75
Crude Turpentine	62

Receipts same day last year.—126 casks spirits turpentine, 404 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar, 97 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 7-16 cts ℔
Good Ordinary	4 13-16 " "
Low Middling	5 7-16 " "
Middling	5⅞ " "
Good Middling	6¼ " "

Same day last year middling 5⅞c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 17.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Extra prime, 75 to 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80 to 85c. Virginia—Extra prime, 55 to 60c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 82½ to 85c.

CORN—Firm; 50 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent, the last loan being at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¾@488 for demand and 485¼@486 for sixty days. Posted rates 486½@487

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front street.

Ladies' Gents' & Children's

Bathing Suits in Jersey, Mohair, Duck and Flannette.
Full line of Bathing Caps,

15c to 75c.

Hammocks, Reed Portieres, Window Shades.
Fifty styles of Matting to select from

10c to 40c per yard.

Just received 500 Umbrellas and Parasols. Ladies' and Gent's Gloria, 36 inches, beautiful handles,

$1.00 and upward.

July Standard Patterns and Designers now ready.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

Sole Agents for the W. B. Corsets. See our 50c Summer Corset. je 11 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; six-teen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for some-body.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birch-wood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres, all set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary out-buildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 365 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and pear trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty-two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house. Fine strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7 tf

DREAMLAND ITALY.

It will be so. I shall not see
Thy ripening vineyards, Italy,
Nor in a hoary olive wood,
When spring comes in a southern flood,
Gather the great sweet violets,
Yet still my heart sometimes forgets
That with gray skies and leafless trees
I pass my days, but rather sees
Parched hills and silvery woods and sky
Purple as Aphrodite's eye—
A land of fig tree and of vine,
The perfect cup, the godlike wine
Of olden dream and poesy,
Unseen, beloved Italy!

—Pall Mall Gazette.

THE PINCUSHION.

Miss Peckitt was our dressmaker. She wore a brown dress and a white lace collar and was as neat and dainty as a little bird. She lived in a small square house at the end of the village—a house with green shutters and a green fence, a white face that always looked as though it had been washed that very morning and shining little eyes of windows. There was a bit of garden round the house, in which Miss Peckitt grew the most wonderful flowers. Pansies, forgetmenots and wood-ruffe, wallflowers and daffodils, roses and lilies, sunflowers and nasturtiums, all in their due season made a blaze of color in that garden till the late dark days came lighted by the last chrysanthemums and the garden settled down under its brown coat to wait the news of spring that should come with the first yellow aconite.

Our house was larger than Miss Peckitt's, and our garden would have made a good score of hers, but somehow our gardeners never grew such flowers as those. Miss Peckitt used to come to our house to sew. She sewed my frocks, and she sewed my pinafores, and sat among her tapes and pins and yard measures telling me old stories that no one else cared about, for Miss Peckitt had no relatives and had always, as she said, kept herself. And of all her stories the one I liked best was the one about the pincushion. It was a large, heavy cushion, and I wondered why Miss Peckitt always brought it with her when she came for the day.

"I will make you a pincushion to keep here," I said, "and then you need not carry that heavy thing about. What makes it so heavy?"

"It has a brick inside to keep it steady when I pin my work to it," she said, "and I carry it with me because it was the last thing my young man made for me."

Miss Peckitt smiled and sighed, and I said:

"Oh, did you ever have a young man? Do tell me about him."

At 10 years old one is not very discreet. I suppose Miss Peckitt was not inclined to be hard on youthful indiscretion, though she would have been the first to resent it in those of riper years. She threaded her needle and began:

"It was when I was a young girl."

She could not have been more than 30 at this time, but to me she seemed immeasurably old, so I said:

"It's a long time ago, then," as sympathetically as I could.

"Yes," she said, "a very long time. He was the son of a farmer, and we was courting ever since we was quite little things and went to Sunday school. And Willie looked to be taken on to have a share in the farm, and we was to have been married in the spring. But it was not to be."

"What happened?"

"Why, his father died, my dear, and when it came to looking into things it was found he'd borrowed money on the land and the interest hadn't been paid. Willie told me it was because his father would grow wheat, and that seems to be always a snare to farmers. So then my Willie said he'd pay the interest and all if they'd only wait. But they wouldn't, and the old place was sold up—house and buildings and the beasts and the land, with the standing crops. They may say it's law, but it ain't justice."

She bit off her thread sharply, and I said it was a shame.

"So it was—a black shame. My Willie would 'a' paid them every penny if they'd only 'a' waited. But no; they sold the old place, and it fetched more than they looked for, and there was near £200 over, and that they gave to Willie, as was only fair. And after the sale was over I saw nothing of him for two days, and then he came to me looking like a dog that the boys are after with stones.

"'It's all up, Blossom,' he said. He always called me that on account of my fresh color." Miss Peckitt touched her faded cheek with her thimble and sighed.

"'I'm off,' says he. 'With this bit of money I'll make a fortune over in America, which is a free country, and I'll come home for you, my girl, or I'll write and you'll come to me.'

"'If it was to the world's end,' says I.

"'Then he gave me this pincushion. It seemed a funny present, being quite plain, as you see, and it had big stitches, but sewed very strong, and I almost laughed as I took it. I was glad after that I hadn't laughed, for Willie, he says:

"'Blossom, my dear, do you know what makes it so heavy?'

"'So I said no, I didn't.

"'It's a brick out of the old south wall at home,' says he, 'where the yellow rose is, and where the apricots fruit so free, and it's covered with a bit of the silk gown my mother was married in—it's faded, but you can see the rosy sprigs on it yet. You'll keep it for my sake?'

"'So I said I would, and he said, 'When the cover wears out, rip it off and put on another. I've got the rest of the dress laid by with the things my cousin's keeping for me at Maidstone against I come back.'

"Then he kissed me a great many times, God bless him, and off he went."

"Well?" I asked, for Miss Peckitt had stopped abruptly.

"Well, that's all," she said shortly. "He never came back. But I know he was true, and he would ha' come back if he'd been living, and the Lord's will be done," she added resentfully.

"Did you keep the piece of the old dress," I asked, "when it wore out and you ripped it off? I should like to see it."

"I never ripped it off," she said. "I covered it over with a bit of damask, meaning to show it him fresh and bright when he come home, but I dare say it's worn out now underneath with all the needles and pins I've stuck in it—worn out, and nothing to show for it, like me."

"How do you mean—nothing to show for it, like you?"

"Why, child," said Miss Peckitt, with her mouth full of pins, "if it had been the Lord's will as Will and me should marry, I dare say I'd 'a' looked no younger than I do, not so young perhaps, but that wouldn't ha' mattered if I'd had something to show for it—a tidy home and a happy husband, and—and children maybe."

Here Miss Peckitt got up and looked out of the window. She came back in a moment and remarked that she had caught a cold somehow, and I must have my frock unhooked and be tried on. I submitted silently to be unhooked, but I knew as well as she did that she had been crying.

* * * * * * *

Time did not stand still in our village. A bicycle factory reared its gaunt ugliness by the church, and the moss grown well was replaced by a galvanized iron pump. The old families moved away, and new people came—smarter people, in their gimcrack way, who got their dresses made in the county town and despised Miss Peckitt's old fashioned patterns. And indeed she was not enterprising. Nothing would induce her to make a bicycling suit, however conventional. The changes in our village took mighty strides while I was finishing my education in France and Germany. When I came home, I hardly knew it. Almost my first visit was paid to the little white house with the green railings.

"It will do the poor thing good to see you," said my mother. "I fear she is horribly poor. She gets hardly any work now, and she won't accept anything she does not earn. The last time I sent for her she would not come, and when I went to see why she told me plainly that she knew I didn't really want her and was only making up work for her sake, which was quite true."

Miss Peckitt had aged little since our last parting, but she had grown very thin. The house, as usual, was scrupulously neat, but though we were close on Christmas there was no fire.

She did not know me at first and was dusting a chair that was already of a spotlessness to shame our chairs at home, when suddenly she recognized me. The shock shattered for a moment the reserve of years. She threw her thin little arms around my neck and kissed me, faltered an apology for the "liberty" and then sat down on the doubly dusted chair and cried piteously. I comforted her as well as I could, but before she grew calm again I had listened to such a tale of poverty and self denial as my young ears had never heard before—work scarce and growing scarcer, hardly enough to live on, and, to crown all, the urgent necessity for saving, for hoarding every possible penny.

"But why?"

"For my funeral, my dear," she said. "I've kept myself respectable all these years, and if the parish was to touch me I should turn in my coffin—I know I should."

"Dear Miss Peckitt," I said, "you know we'd never let the parish"—

"It would be just the same," she said, "though I know you mean it kindly, and I thank you the same. Now, you'll excuse me getting on with what bits of sewing I have."

And the needle began to flash in and out through the white stuff.

"What is it?" I asked idly.

"It's for my burying," she said. "I know I'm not long for this world, for last night I see my Willie's ghost as plain as plain walking in the churchyard, looking much the same, only older, as was to be expected, and I know that's a sign."

"Your needle's crooked," I said, fighting with a choking feeling in my throat.

"Let me thread you another."

"Dear miss," she said, "this is the only needle I've got. It's not so very crooked, and a penny's a penny, and needles in penny packets isn't what they used to be. No, and I won't let you buy me even needles, miss. It's the principle I think of. I won't be beholden."

"You've got the old pincushion there still," I said. "There must be lots of needles in that. Let me empty out the sawdust and see. I'll put it all back very carefully."

I think Miss Peckitt's will must have been weakened by long fasting and trouble, for she let me rip up one side of that sacred cushion and pour out the bran into that little black tea tray with the gold border. I found in that bran 67 good needles, to say nothing of broken ones. Then I began to put the bran back, and as I pushed it in to make it hard and tight I felt a hollow in the brick. There was something in it. I pulled it out.

"Oh, Miss Peckitt," I cried, "look what I have found in your pincushion!"

A little canvas bag, and in it ten sovereigns and two bank notes, and a little letter.

MY DEAR BLOSSOM—This is £50 of my money, so you will have something if I am not lucky with the rest. You will find this when you rip off the cover. If all goes well, as please God it will, it will pay for the things for our home. Your true friend and affectionate lover,

WILLIAM BEALE.

She showed me the letter afterward. Now she only kissed it and put it in her bosom—quite simply, undoing two buttons for the purpose and said softly:

"Pay for things for the house? It will pay for my funeral."

* * * * * * *

Miss Peckitt was on my mind. I had seen that the money and the words from the dead had brought her more pain than joy, and after dinner that evening I slipped on a dark cloak and ran down the quiet street to the little white house. I opened the door softly and peeped in.

There was a fire in the grate, and before it in the armchair with the patchwork cushion sat a middle aged man. Miss Peckitt sat on his knee, and her arm was around his neck. In her cheeks was the "fresh color" I had never seen there, and in her eyes the light of youth and hope. She sprang up at the click of the latch.

"It's my Willie," she cried. "He's come back. Oh, miss, dear, to think of it—he was coming home to me with his fortune made, and the ship was wrecked, and him and the others has been living like Robinson Crusoe, and only fetched away by a ship the other day. And it was him I see last night, not his ghost. He was looking for me among the graves, because he could not bear to come to the little house and find me dead and buried."

"So the £50 will buy things for the house after all," I said. And the bronzed, clean shaven man, who stood there shy and awkward, answered in a voice such as had seldom filled that neat, prim little room—

"Aye, so she says, the dear girl"—

So I came away and left him with his dear girl—there was no inappropriateness in the phrase. Her 40 years lay lightly on her now, and in her lover's eyes she was still "Blossom—because of her fresh color"—and would be to the end.

I am sure they were both persons of sentiment, because they bought back the old farm, with its south wall where the apricots "fruited so free," and when they went to church Miss Peckitt wore a gown of faded silk with a rosy sprig. The cousin in Maidstone had been faithful to his trust, and there was enough of the silk that the bridegroom's mother had worn at her marriage to clothe the little bride on her wedding day.—E. Nesbit in Longman's Magazine.

It has been demonstrated that the explosive power of a sphere of water only one inch in diameter is sufficient to burst a brass vessel having a resisting power of 27,000 pounds.

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A fireplace invites cozy lounging with book or magazine and agreeable conversation that has an accompaniment of crackling flames. An artistic fireplace carries with it an air of coziness and comfort beyond the power of words to express. It is set in the back of a recess, out of the room, and has on either side an oak seat, with cushion. The whole back of the recess is brickwork, extending up to the ceiling. The brickwork drops back a few courses above the top of the fireplace, forming a mantel or shelf, on which may be disposed handsome bits of china as a decoration.

The bricks used may be the red pressed bricks sold everywhere or some of the handsome bricks that are now made in soft colors, such as gray, yellow, brown and cream. Bricks of the same color, but varying in tone, some being a deeper shade than others, may be used with excellent results.

The valance is a plain, straight piece of dark maroon plush and the pattern a continuous border of tiger lilies and foliage, treated conventionally and worked solidly in couching stitch with shaded silks in various warm tones of blue, crimson, gold and olive green. The edge is trimmed with festoons of many rows of narrow silk cords in the colors of the embroidery, each festoon ending in a long silk tassel, showing glints of gold thread.—New York Advertiser.

Perfectly Natural.

It is recorded that a certain Hibernian, upon being asked how his father was getting along, replied, the latter being a shoemaker: "Th' ould man is still peggin away at th' binch iv life preparin his sowl fur th' mar-r-rch through eternity. But th' thread iv thot same life won't lasht long, fur it do be waxin towward an end now. An besides th' wound he rayceived in th' war can't be healed."

The questioner, it is further recorded, felt half sold at the reply, but the wit of it made a lasting impression upon him just the same. That's all.—Exchange.

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Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M. Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 6:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 6:45 A. M., Wadesboro 8:31 A. M., Hamlet 9:43 A. M., Sanford 9:59 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 2:00 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 9:40 A. M., Maxton 9.06 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 9:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:33 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:30 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 409—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 6:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

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ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52.	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 19 p m
10 35 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 18 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 50 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m
No 46		No. 47.

South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 35 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
11 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 53 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect June 12, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.33 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.15 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.58 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.20 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., †Richmond 8.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.06 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 6.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 5.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.33 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.20 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.43 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.05 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.22 A. M.; 5.26 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.25 A. M.

Florence Railroad leave Fee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Fee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 6.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 2.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M., 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.35 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 8.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 6.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.09 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.06 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.59 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.25 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.29 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.08 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1899.

TESTIMONY BEFORE THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

The Agricultural Interests of the South. Colored Labor Unreliable—Depreciation of Values.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Joseph B. Ager, president of the Maryland State Grange, was before the industrial commission to-day. He said that a trust among the farmers such as was suggested by Mr. Havemeyer, was impracticable, owing to the difficulty of getting the farmers to hold up prices. Speaking of colored labor, he said it was unreliable because of the natural indolence and indifference of individuals of the colored race. Liquor, he regards as the great bane of that people and responsible for nine tenths of the crimes committed by them.

Mr. Ager considered the condition of the average farmer as worse than it was twenty years ago, but he believed money invested in farming safer than in other lines of business.

L. W. Youmans, of South Carolina, occupied the witness stand during the afternoon session. He said the agricultural interest of the South was greatly depressed, and he attributed the depression to the fact that silver was not recognized as a money metal. He said there had not been an increase of the volume of money to correspond with the increase of population. As a consequence there had been a general depreciation of values. He was proceeding to develop his views upon this point when Major Farquhar made a point of order against the character of the testimony, and this point was sustained by the chair (Hon. A. L. Harris) after a somewhat spirited encounter between Representative Livingston and the Republican members.

Mr. Youmans then proceeded to other considerations. He thought the tariff also an obstacle to progress, saying that while the cotton-grower of the United States was compelled to compete with the cheap labor of the world in sales abroad, he was not allowed to buy the product of that labor in other articles abroad without paying a duty of 40 per cent. upon it. As remedies he suggested the free coinage of silver, a lower tariff and local banks of issue. He had tried the diversification of crops and had not been successful.

Mr. Youmans said he had no fault to find with colored labor and that he preferred it infinitely to imported labor. "I employ 300 or 400 negroes," he said, "and I find them docile and willing to work. I go away and leave my family among them, feeling confident of their safety and protection."

He thought, however, that the negro was, as a rule, irresponsive to the efforts to educate him, and while he willingly paid his share for such efforts at education, he considered the money so spent as thrown away.

FRANCE'S NEW CABINET.

Formation of Senator Waldeck-Rosseau, President of Council—Gen. Gallifet Minister of War.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, June 22.—Senator Waldeck-Rosseau was recalled to the Elysee palace this morning where President Loubet proposed that he form a cabinet immediately.

Late this afternoon the announcement was made that Senator Waldeck-Rousseau had completed the formation of a cabinet.

The Senator accompanied by the new cabinet ministers, proceeded to the Elysee palace, at 6:10 P. M., to present his colleagues to President Loubet.

The new cabinet, as organized, is as follows:

Senator Waldeck-Rousseau, President of the Council of Ministers and Minister of the Interior; Del Casse, Minister of Foreign Affairs; General The Marquis de Gallifet, Minister of War; De Lanessand, Minister of Marine; Monis, Minister of Justice; Caillaux, Minister of Finance; Millerand, Minister of Commerce; Leygues, Minister of Public Instruction; de Crais, Minister of the Colonies; Jean Dupuy, Minister of Agriculture; Pierre Baudin, Minister of Public Works.

The appointment of General, the Marquis de Callifet, as Minister of War, is an extraordinary example of the way in which the Dreyfus case has revolutionized politic conditions. For years past the General has been the bugaboo of the extremists, not only because of his monarchical sympathies, but on account of the rigorous manner in which he took part in repressing the commune. His entry into the cabinet is undoubtedly due to his attitude towards the Dreyfus case, which has been throughout favorable to Dreyfus, although he holds that the proclamation of the prisoner's innocence should not include placing the responsibility for the apparent judicial blunders upon the general staff.

Senator Waldeck Rousseau entered parliament from Rennes, where he once practiced law.

Dreyfus at Rennes.

RENNES, FRANCE, June 22.—There is absolute ignorance here as to the arrival of Captain Alfred Dreyfus. The town is quiet. The workmen have completed placing additional bars across the window of the cell intended for the prisoner. The local newspapers are protesting against this indignity, asserting that Dreyfus ought to be treated merely as an accused officer and not as a criminal.

A GRIM JEST.

Verdict of a Coroner's Jury in a Mississippi Lynching Case.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SCRANTON, MISS., June 22.—"We, the jury, find that deceased came to his death by climbing a tree, venturing too far out on a limb and breaking his neck."

Such was the verdict of the coroner's jury in the case of Daniel Patrick, colored, who was lynched here yesterday for an assault upon Miss Bessie Ireland. Patrick confessed his crime and begged of the mob to shoot him. He evidently feared burning at the stake and was glad to be let off with a rope and bullets. Three hundred of the most prominent men in the city participated in the lynching.

The Pope of Rome held a public consistory yesterday to present the hats of the recently made cardinals, with the exception of the Papal Nuncio at Madrid and the Archbishop of Goritz. The ceremony occurred for the first time in the hall of the Loggie, near the entrance of St. Peter's.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

ADMIRAL DEWEY AT COLOMBO, CEYLON.

British Governor and Residents Extended a Hearty Welcome to the Visitor.

SILVER CASKET PRESENTED.

With An Address As a Memento of the Visit—Admiral Dewey's Reply Reciprocating the Sentiments Expressed—His Stay in Ceylon.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

COLOMBO, CEYLON, June 22.—The United States cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, arrived here at 6 o'clock A. M. from Singapore, June 15th, saluted the forts ashore and was saluted by the latter in return.

An aide-de camp representing the Governor of Ceylon, Right Honorable Sir Joseph West Ridgeway, boarded the Olympia at 7 o'clock this morning, in order to welcome the Admiral, and Colonel Savage, commanding the troops, called at 10 o'clock. The visits were returned by Admiral Dewey at 11 o'clock.

He was received at the jetty by a guard of honor, and amidst cheering, drove in the Governor's carriage to breakfast with Colonel Savage. The admiral afterward booked rooms at the Galloface Hotel and returned on board the Olympia at 1 o'clock. There he received a deputation representing the Planters' Association and the Chamber of Commerce, and was presented with a silver casket and an address as a memento of his visit.

The admiral will remain in Ceylon about a week. He says that he had a good voyage from Singapore and that his health is fairly good.

7:50 P. M.—The presentation of the casket to Admiral Dewey was made on board the Olympia, instead of in the council chamber, because his doctor had forbidden him to participate in any official function. The delegates also presented a thousand pounds of tea to the crew of the Olympia.

The admiral, replying to the address of welcome, said he wished he could reply in adequate terms, reciprocating the sentiments expressed, but, he added, he spoke from his heart when he said he deeply appreciated the welcome.

Admiral Dewey added that he would have the very acceptable present of tea distributed as desired, incidentally mentioning that he was a life-long tea-drinker himself, and assuring the delegation that the address would be read at "Muster" and afterwards framed and preserved. The casket, he remarked, he would always keep on his table, and he told the delegates that he would report the matter to his government and describe the cordiality of his reception. Continuing, Admiral Dewey remarked "that cheer raised on the jetty when I landed went to the hearts of all of us. We are 14,000 miles from home, but that cheer will be heard in America, although the way in which it has touched me I shall never be able to fully express.

"The two nations were never so closely allied by mutual sympathy and appreciation as now. The American people realized this during the late war, and you can imagine how all those who were at Manila and met Sir Edward Chichester (commander of the British first class cruiser Immortalite,) and his gallant comrades, hold that feeling very deeply."

A general conversation followed and, after toasting the "Anglo Saxon," and the prosperity of the two countries, the delegation departed.

ADVICES FROM MANILA.

Rebels Encouraged—Insurgent General's Brass Band of Eighty-two Pieces Captured—Arguelles' Trial.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, June 22.—Details of the sentencing of Colonel Arguelles, a Filipino commissioner, to twelve years' imprisonment, have just been obtained here. It was at first reported that his condemnation by the Filipinos was due to the friendship he displayed towards Americans, but the information just obtained shows the accusation against him was not based on his peace conference at Manila, as supposed. They confirm President Schurman's belief in his sincerity, and show that his advocacy of autonomy among the insurgents was treated as treason. The charge against the Colonel was that in conversation with Filipino officers he predicted that disorders within the insurgent terrritory would lead to civil war and, therefore, he said he considered autonomy under the Americans more preferable than independence. The Filipino Congress tried him on the charge of treason and a heated debate over autonomy followed. Finally, the colonel was sentenced to death but this was commuted to twelve years imprisonment, on account of his previous services to the cause, after an eloquent plea upon the part of his counsel. Colonel Arguelles is one of the most conservative and respected men identified with the insurrection.

Rebels Encouraged.

The rebels have learned that the American volunteers are returning to the United States and the Filipino newspapers show that they construe this to mean that the Americans are abandoning the war and are encouraged thereby.

The outposts of the Washington regiment yesterday captured General Pio Del Pilar's brass band, of eighty-two pieces, the members of which some how became separated from the rebel army and came near the American lines without having the means of resistance. Some Chinamen of Manila have filed a claim against the instruments, which, it appears, were leased by the musicians of General Pio del Pilar.

BRYAN AND FREE SILVER.

Senator Bate Says the Chicago Platform Will be Re-affirmed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FRESNO, CAL., June 22.—Senator Bate, of Tennessee, to-day, in an interview, said the heart of the Democratic party was with Mr. Bryan and the Chicago platform.

"The Chicago platform will be reaffirmed," said Senator Bate, "and the clause against trusts will be strengthened at the convention of 1900. The united South will stand behind Mr. Bryan and free silver and in opposition to the trusts."

Mr. Bate said a very small part of the Populists will refrain from cooperating with the Democracy, and especially if Mr. Bryan is the leader.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

MURDERED HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. Jane Graves Lodged in Jail at Valdosta, Georgia — A Sensational Affair.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

VALDOSTA, GA., June 22.—Mrs. Jane Graves of Alexanderville, was brought here this morning and lodged in jail, on the charge of murdering her husband.

The tragedy occurred Sunday and was reported as a case of suicide. The citizens in that community were not satisfied with this theory and the coroner's jury investigated the case for two days. Enough circumstantial evidence was gotten to justify the arrest of the woman. It was feared for a while a hearing would develop into a lynching bee, so strong was the feeling. The most startling testimony was that of George Register, who worked with Graves and who stated that he saw Mrs. Graves shoot her husband, after which she threw the empty cartridges out of the weapon and hastily placed the pistol in his hand as he lay upon the floor in the throes of death. It is also stated that Graves and his wife had quarrelled because she had been out riding with a young man. She intended going out again in the afternoon, but he forbade her and the quarrel was renewed. According to the statement of Register, she was in the kitchen when her husband started to the lot to stop a boy from hitching up a horse with which she was going driving. As he crossed the porch two shots rang out and he dropped to the floor, dead in a moment.

The women is intelligent, neat and attractive, aged about forty years. She says that she does not know who did the killing. The case will probably outrank the famous Nobles case, as the parties stand higher in the community than the Nobles did. The murdered man was a prosperous farmer and machinist.

KENTUCKY DEMOCRATS.

The State Convention—The Stone-Goebe Combination Blocking Progress Planks in the Platform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 22.—The second day of the Democratic Convention was a blank so far as proceedings of record go. Under the surface, however, it was a busy day of electioneering and wire-pulling. Two shorts sessions were held, one in the morning and one in the evening. At the former, committees were appointed and a recess was taken until evening to allow them to work. This evening, the credentialst commitee, having scarcely begun its work, the convention adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The committee will have to depose of some three hundred seats. Its deliberations will govern the length of the convention, and if radical action be taken in any one direction, it may effectively influence nominations. The Stone-Goebel combination is still master of the situation, having control of the machinery of the convention. This was demonstrated twice to-day in the forcing of an adjournment.

Chairman Redwine and the other temporary officers, it is believed, will be retained in the permanent organization.

To-night the Hardin people are busy working on the Stone delegation, for it is in this direction their only hope lies. They are using the argument that the Goebel followers are using the Stone-Goebel combination for purely selfish purposes and that they will attempt to nominate the Kenton county leader for Governor, regardless of the tacit understanding that Stone should receive this prize. Meanwhile there is no sign of weakness in the combination. Stone or Goebel may be nominated for Governor and the report of the committee on credentials may decide the race. The make-up of the remainder of the ticket will depend upon the selection for Governor. The platform will declare for Bryan and silver and is likely to contain an anti-trust plank.

BOSTON BANK ROBBED.

Ten Thousand Dollars Stolen by a Sneak Thief—Arrested in New York and Money Recovered.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., June 22.—A sneak thief entered the Metropolitan National Bank here to-day and stole $10,000 while the paying teller's attention was drawn away for a moment. The man entered the bank at about 11 o'clock and the teller was asked for some directions about sending a money order. The teller gave the information desired and the stranger stood at the counter apparently making notes. Just then the teller was called to another part of the office and the visitor quickly thrust his arm through the grating of the window and took fifty $100 notes and five $1,000 notes. A young lady stenographer in the bank saw the man's action but he escaped. He was apparently about 28 years of age and well dressed.

Arrested in New York.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Detectives from the central office arrested the Boston bank robber as he alighted from a train at the Grand Central station to-night at 6 o'clock. The stolen money was found on his person. He gave his name as George Shea and said he was twenty-one years old. His real name is Philip Zambele. He lives in Chicago, and is a well known crook.

THE SAMOAN SITUATION.

Peace Restored On the Island—Chief Justice Chambers Sustained.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The Secretary of State last night received a dispatch from the Hon. Bartlett Tripp, United States commissioner at Samoa, saying that peace has been restored in the island; the commission had sustained the decision of Chief Justice Chambers in the contested case of the election of the king; that Malietoa Tanu has resigned; the kingship was to be abolished and a provisional government established.

Admiral Kautz reported his arrival at San Francisco last evening by telegraph to the Navy Department, but made no report upon Samoan affairs. This will probably be committed to the mails. His official superiors are fully satisfied with his conduct while at Apia. The admiral retains his assignment as commander-in-chief of the forces on the Pacific station, and the Philadelphia will be retained in commission, though being subjected to some necessary repairs and docking at once.

If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

CUBAN GENERAL REVILES CUBANS.

Calls Them Cowards for Accepting Money From the United States.

THE SITUATION IN HAVANA.

Countries That Have Consular Representation—Murder of Minnie Ross—British Consul Takes Charge of Her Effects—Secret Service.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, June 22.—General Enrique Collazo, who was a member of the staff of the late General Calixto Garcia, and who from time to time has attacked the American military administration through the press of Havana, to-day denounced the Cubans for accepting money from the United States, and calls them "cowards" for doing so. He says: "Dignity should come before the calls of the stomach. What we want is that the interveners should conduct themselves as the American people at large desire, and not in accordance with the wishes of those here, and in Washington, who are seeking their personal enrichment through lucrative negotiations. Let the administration define some policy that will enable us to know what to do to-day and in the future, and then act in accord with its spirit. The American people recognize the truth in the report of General Miles and disregard General Alger's greed. Let us speak out candidly and truthfully, telling what we consider our duty and our rights. The Spaniards dominated here for four centuries without de-Cubanizing us; let us not become Americanized to day."

Consular Representation.

Great Britain, Germany, France, Belgium, China, Mexico and Holland are the only countries thus far officially recognized as having consular representation in Cuba. Their consuls have received exequaturs through Washington. There are thirty-four others who claim to be consuls, but they cannot be officially recognized, as their credentials are addressed to the Spanish government.

Mr. Carden, the British consul general, will take charge of the money and other effects of the late Minnie Ross, who was found murdered in a house in Animas street last Sunday morning. She was a Canadian, and her relatives have wired instructions from Toronto. There are several thousand dollars belonging to her estate here and it is understood that she had $30,000 on deposit in a Florida bank.

The secret service is doing excellent work. The latest report shows that since June 1st the detectives have captured seven criminals whose identity was not suspected when the crimes with which they are charged were committed, twenty-eight connected with recent offences, and well known, and sixteen for whom the authorities have been looking for nearly three years.

THE TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

Government Preparing to Make Stubborn Resistance in the Event of War With Great Britain.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PRETORIA, June 22.—In accordance with the promise made by President Kruger to President Alfred Milner, British High Commissioner for South Africa, at the recent conference in Bloemfontein, capita l of the Orange Free State, the Transvaal executive has finally decided to increase the representation of the gold fields in the Volksraad. The government will probably give six members, instead of two, the present representation.

LONDON, June 23.—The *Daily Mail* this morning says an extremely brisk breeze is being done at Lloyds in war risks at daily advancing rates.

BERLIN, June 23.—The *Kolnische Zeitung* publishes a dispatch from The Hague asserting that the Transvaal government is preparing to make a most stubborn defence in the event of war with Great Britain, and is arming in the most complete fashion. According to this informan, Pretoria has just ordered twenty-five quick-firing guns and several heavy calibre guns for fort artillery from the Krupps.

OUTRAGES IN ALABAMA.

A Young White Girl at Florence and a Married Woman at Coruna Assaulted by Negroes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 23.—A nineteen-year old negro attempted to assault a thirteen-year old white girl near Florence to-day, but failed. He was arrested and placed in jail. Threats are made to lynch him before morning.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June 23.—There is much excitement at Coruna, in Walker county, over a brutal assault made on Mrs. Monroe Jones last evening by an unknown negro. Mrs. Jones is in a critical condition. A big posse is after the negro and if he is caught he will be lynched forthwith. The description of the negro has been sent out all over the county.

HORSE-WHIPPING AFFAIR.

J. F. Woodward Roughly Handled at Washington, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 22.—A special to the *News and Observer* from Washington, N. C., says:

This morning, just before the morning train left for Parmele, a considerable commotion occurred in the neighborhood of the depot, caused by the horse whipping of J. F. Woodward, who has been in this city buying and soliciting shipments of potatoes to G. M. Snyder & Co., of New York city. The facts in the case that culminated in the whipping are about as follows: On yesterday a young lady of this city was passing down the street, when she was overtaken by Woodward, who made repeated improper proposals to her. On the young lady arriving at home she reported the facts to her family. This morning, on its being learned that Woodward would leave on the train, a party of gentlemen repaired to the depot, armed with a couple of whips, and proceeded to administer the horse-whipping, after which he was ordered to board the train and never return.

The British steamship Lombard arrived at Mobile from Ship Island quarantine with a case of well developed leprosy on board in the person of a Chinaman, a member of the crew.

TYPHOID FEVER IN CAMPS.

Army Board's Report—The Water Supply Had Little to Do With the Spread of the Disease.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The board appointed by the War Department at the instance of the Surgeon General to study the distribution of typhoid fever in army camps, is engaged in arranging the data collected, preparatory to making its final report. The collection of statistics is about completed and the members of the board hope to have their information charted and tabulated by the end of July.

This board is the first that has ever been appointed to study the propagation of disease in army camps by the history of individual regiments. The board has gone further, however, taking the company as the unit and tracing the history of all intestinal disorders and all cases of malaria and fever of every sort that appears on the sick report. Owing to the fact that some of the regiments were alleged to be infected with typhoid fever germs before coming to the large camps it has been necessary to trace their history back to their State camps and even to trace the history of individuals before they entered the service.

The report will indicate that the water supply had practically little to do with the spread of typhoid. This is contrary to all previous medical theory in typhoid propagation. The appearance and spread of the disease, the report will say, indicates that it was transmitted through the atmosphere, by wind carrying about dust containing the dried gems of typhoid and by the agency of flies.

CLEVELAND CAR STRIKE.

Strikers Rejected the Proposition Submitted by the Company.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, June 22.—The hope of a settlement of the street railway strike was shattered to night, when the strikers at a meeting rejected by a unanimous vote the proposition submitted by the company to the special committee of the city council, to which the strikers agreed this afternoon. The proposition of the company states that it is ready and willing to take back into its employment, as it has ever been, such of its employes as its business demands, aggregating at the present time eighty per cent. of such employes, and as vacancies occur will give preference to such former employes, except always those that have committed unlawful acts against the company, its property or employes during the present strike.

YELLOW FEVER AT SANTIAGO.

Four Soldiers of the U. S. Garrison Have Died of the Disease.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO, CUBA, June 22.—In consequence of the outbreak of yellow fever, the garrison of U. S. troops here has been removed from the old Spanish barracks to a comfortable camp in the hills, on the road to El Morro. Thus far four soldiers have died of the fever, and there are eighteen cases in the ships. One civilian has succumbed to the disease and there are three civilian suspects.

WARM WIRELETS.

The close personal friends of former United States Senator Arthur P. Gorman deny in the most positive terms the reports recently published in which he is alleged to be seriously ill.

General Otis has notified the War Department that the hospital ship Relief left Manila for San Francisco yesterday with 250 sick aboard.

There has been a call made by General Otis upon the War Department for four expert Spanish court stenographers, for service in the Philippine islands.

It is announced in Cairo that the Khalifa has been defeated with heavy loss by natives friendly to the British. It is added that he has fled to the woods and that his capture is imminent.

The honorary degree of LL. D. was yesterday conferred by Georgetown University on Rear Admirals Winfield Scott Schley and George W. Melville, Major General Joseph Wheeler, and Hon. W. Bourke Cockran of New York.

Senor Don Francisco Silvela, Spanish premier, denies that there is any foundation for the report that a ministerial crisis is imminent. Senor Duran, minister of justice, says the opposition is trying to divide the cabinet, but will not succeed.

John Wilkes, a brother of Tom Wilkes, alias Sam Hose, who was burned at the stake near Newnan, Ga., several months ago, was arrested, heavily armed and seeking revenge for the killing of his brother. He was lodged in jail at Oglethorpe to await trial.

Citizens of South Framingham, Mass., are greatly excited over the disappearance of Helen Fames, the seven year old daughter of Alfred N. Fames, a wealthy wheel manufacturer, Mr. Fames fears that the child has been kidnapped and the officers are working on that theory.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—New York, 11; Pittsburg, 6.
Philadelphia, 9; Cincinnati, 5.
Washington, 1; St. Louis, 4.
Brooklyn, 8; Cleveland, 0.
Boston, 5; Chicago, 1.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

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For Sale or Exchange—One good 5 x 8 Camera for views or photographs, complete, with best hickory tripod and carrying case. Also, one gold filled seven jewel hunting case watch. Will sell cheap or exchange for good bicycle or typewriter. Address, J. H. Jones, Bute, Robeson county, N. C. P. O. Box No. 1. je 23 1t*

A Catholic Badge of great value for sale. Any one wishing to purchase will communicate with Mollie Register, Leland, N. C. All letters promptly answered. je 23 1t*

The Entertainment given last night at the Armory of the Baptist Boys' Brigade (First Baptist Church) will be repeated next Wednesday night by request. Admission will be 10 cents. Refreshments will be served. je 23 1t

A Good Truck Farm for rent or lease, one and one-half miles from Southport. Apply to Brooks & Taylor, No. 3 South Water Street, Wilmington, N. C. je 22 d&w 2t*

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Seed Peas—Black-eye, Whippawills, Unknown, Mixed. Nice and sound. We exchange Groceries for Naval Stores and produce of all kinds. T. D. Love. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Confections and an extra quality of Up-country Butter just received. All at low prices. A. S. Winstead. my 27 tf

For Best Prices ship your Lambs, Beef Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. ap 16 tf

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For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

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100 Barrels Common Flour.
115 Barrels Best Patent.
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10 Barrels 2 lb Sugar.
15 Barrels 5 lb Sugar.
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PEACE INSTITUTE,
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One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

je 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

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FRESH CHOICE STOCK—FULL 360S.

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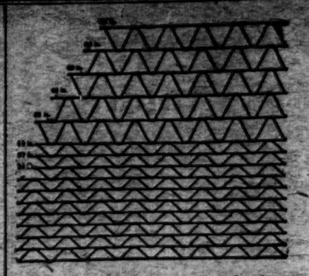

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GEORGE CAMPBELL, Prop.
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To make your deposits

IN THE

Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

JUNE FIRST IS THE BEGINNING OF OUR NEXT INTEREST PAYING QUARTER. ALL DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE THAT DATE

Begin to draw interest at rate of FOUR PER CENT.

my 27 tf

A HIGH GRADE INSTITUTION FOR YOUNG LADIES.

ELIZABETH COLLEGE

MUSIC & ART SPECIALTIES.

A refined environment and a kind welcome await you. We have modern conveniences for your greatest comfort. Our building is handsome and elegantly furnished. More, it is fire-proof. Cost of plant, $100,000.00.

A school in the Southland in which every teacher is university bred; or from a celebrated American, German or English conservatory. You may elect degree course, group or branch.

STUDENTS ATTEND THEIR OWN CHURCH.

In Western N. C., famous for its fine climate. In the suburbs of a charming and healthful city, altitude 760 ft. A beautiful site of 20 acres. Rates from $250 to $400. For illustrated catalogue address REV. C. B. KING, President, Charlotte, North Carolina.

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How is it we can Sell Goods at Almost Half Price?

THE REASON is that we buy from every factory or jobber what they have left. The quantity is not considered; the price is what "cuts the ice.

I am selling men's heavy nine ounce Demons Overalls and Jumpers, worth 50c, cheap, now 39c.

Men's Summer Coats, well made, at 29c.

Men's fine Silk Bosom Shirts, worth $1.00, now 50c.

Boys' Laundered 50c Percale Shirts at 29c.

Men's Drill Drawers at 15c.

Men's fine Balbriggan Shirts and Pants at 25c.

Nice Serge Coats and Vests at $3.50.

Men's well made, heavy weight Jeans Pants 39c; Pants, light weight at 38c.

Ladies' Parasols, 24 inches, at 38c.

Ladies' Steel Rod Umbrellas, Congo Handle, at 50c. Silk lined top at $1.00.

Ladies' Worsted Skirts, well made, nicely lined, at 75c each, worth $1.25.

Heavy Checked Plaids at 4c.

Striped Seersuckers worth 10c, now 7c.

Striped Chambre at 5c.

Colored Chambre, fine quality, at 8c.

Big dive in White Pique Skirts from $1.25 to $3.00 each.

Mohair Skirts from $2.00 to $3.25 each.

Linen Skirts at all prices.

Duck Skirts from 50c to 98c.

Shirt Waists from 40c to $1.00.

Ladies' Calico Wrappers from 50c to $1.25.

Ladies' full size nicely trimmed Gowns 50c to $1.25 each.

White and colored Under Shirts from 50c to $1.50.

All grades of Ladies' Vests from 5c to 25c.

Ladies' Children's and Men's Hose at any price, from 3c to 40c a pair. Our 10c and 15c lines are extra value.

Linen Skirt Patterns worth 75c, now 35c each.

Ladies' Shoes worth $2.50, now $1.25.

We lead, the rest follow. Bring your card and get it punched, and get a valuable present free, at Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

je 18 tf Near the Postoffice on Front street.

An Enjoyable Picnic

on a warm June day can be had if the lunch basket is stocked with our tempting delicacies in Canned Goods, Domestic Cheese, Dainty Crackers and Biscuits, and high grade Butter for sandwiches.

We have just opened a barrel of Heinz's Sweet Cucumber Pickles. These are not the little ones usually sold, but BIG ones—almost as large as the ordinary sour pickle. They are 1c each.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER.
Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
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